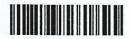


IBN SINA DIAGNOSTIC & IMAGING CENTER

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ID. No

Received date: 23 Oct 2023

Printed date: 23 Oct 2023 11:41PM

Patient Name:

SURAIYA

D285415

Age: 13 y(s)

Exam

MRI BRAIN

Sex: Female

Ref. By

BSMMUH.

Thank you for the courtesy of this kind referral.

Technique: Multiple imaging sequences were realized in different planes.

Clinical information: H/O- Diagnosis- Wilson's disease.

Findings:

- Symmetrical T1WI hypo and T2W & FLAIR hyperintensity lesions are noted in the both basal ganglia (both head of caudate nuclei and lentiform nuclei).
- Cerebrum and cerebellum show normal cortical sulcations.
- Ventricles are of normal size and symmetrical with normal CSF flow.
- Extra-ventricular CSF spaces are widened with temporo-parietal predominance.
- Pituitary, parasellar areas and optic chiasma appear normal in signal characteristics and morphology.
- Midline structures are not shifted.
- No pituitary and para sellar lesion is seen.
- The internal capsule, corpus callosum and thalami appear normal.
- The posterior fossa, brain stem and CP angles are normal.
- Normal basal flow voids are seen.
- Visualized cranial nerves appear normal.
- Visible paranasal sinuses appear normal.
- · Both inferior turbinates are hypertrophied.

Impression:

 MRI features suggestive of Degenerative Brain Disease (DBD) involving mainly gray matter (basal ganglia), more in favor of Wilson disease.
DDx: Others.

Recommendation: Clinico-biochemical correlation.

Prof. Dr. R. N. Sarker (Robin).

MBBS (DMC), M. Phil, FCPS (Radiology & Imaging)

Advanced Training on CT, MRI & PET-CT (Canada, Singapore & India)

Fellow in Interventional Radiology (PGI-Chandigarh)

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